forthwith send to the Auditor-General of the army a particular and distinct list of the non-commissioned officers and soldiers, to whom you have set out lands in pursuance of your said Instructions, taking care that none be included in the said list but such as were lately actually disbanded and included in the muster of August last, because the benefit of the said half-pay is only to extend to such and is to issue on your certificate as aforesaid. . . ." Kilkenny, 21 Sept. Letters of Lord Deputy and Council A/30. 28. f. 94.

A like letter *verbatim* was sent to the Commissioners at Waterford, Wexford, Kilkenny, East and West Meath, Limerick and Kerry.

731. Ordered that sums ranging from £30 to £5 be offered for the heads of certain Tories [1] that hold out in the fastnesses of Wicklow and Wexford. 3 Oct. Orders A/5. 5. f. 241.

732. Ordered that it be referred to a full Council at Dublin, whether the desire of the disbanded soldiers, to be set in County Wexford, may be granted to retain a number of Irish husbandmen and servants (of whose faithful demeanour towards the Commonwealth a good account may be given) until they are able to dispense with them. 3 Oct. *Ib.* f. 245.

733. Ordered that a Committee be appointed "to consider what they conceive fit to be presented unto this Board for the present and future encouragement of the plantation of Ireland, and of removing of what obstructions may be at present therein, as also how the barbarous custom of coshering and promiscuous lodging together of both sexes of the Irish, with other lewd and superstitious practices, that are in opposition to the custom of the English in this nation may be prevented and reformed for the future, and likewise how the Irish may be brought to conform

[1] Among these Tories, for whom head-money was offered, were Donnogh O'Derrick, commonly called "Blind Donnogh" (£30), and his lieutenant, Dermot Ryan (£20), mentioned below (No. 816). The Order seems to have been called for owing to the daring capture and murder by "Blind Donnogh" of eight of Sir William Petty's surveyors at Timolin on the borders of Kildare and Wicklow. Owing to the exertions of Col. Pretty, Governor of Carlow, "Blind Donnogh" was shortly afterwards captured. (*Cf.* Prendergast, *Cromwellian Settlement*, pp. 206, 343.) Ryan escaped and only surrendered on favourable terms in January 1657. See below, pp. 591, 649.

to the English nation in their apparel, speech, names etc., as also how the Irish may be persuaded and won to hear the preaching of the Word and brought to embrace the truths of the Gospel and to abhor the error of Popery." 9 Oct. *Ib.* f. 247.

734. Ordered that all rents due since May last be paid to the disbanded and reduced soldiery. 12 Oct. *Ib.* f. 249.

735. Ordered that the land excise be farmed until May-day next and no longer, according to Order of the Lord Protector. 12 Oct. *Ib.* f. 247.

736. "Whereas by an Order of this Board, bearing date 23rd July last (in pursuance of Articles made with the inhabitants of the town of Galway, bearing date 5th April 1652) among other things, it is thereby provided that such person or persons, that were to remove out of the said town should be satisfied the full value of such castles and houses of right belonging unto them within the said town, according as indifferent men, mutually named by the said inhabitants and such as shall be entrusted by the State should agree upon." In pursuance thereof Col. Richard Lawrence and Thomas Richardson[1] are nominated the persons on behalf of the Commonwealth. 18 Oct. *Ib.* f. 254.

737. Order to continue the imprisonment of Col. Nicholas Kempston,[2] committed to the custody of the Serjeant-at-Arms on the 14th inst. on suspicion of being privy to the departure of Lt.-General Ludlow. 19 Oct. *Ib.* f. 254.

738. Ordered that it be recommended to the Mayor of Dublin for the time being to cause public notice to be given the next

[1] Instructions to same, No. 745.

[2] Col. Nicholas Kempston, or Kempson, was Ludlow's brother-in-law, and like him was a stout republican. He purchased Luke Dillon's estate in county Cavan from Capt. Fenwick for £60, it being worth £300 a year (*Cal. State Papers*, Irel., 1660, p. 55), and though not a Quaker himself he was a man of sufficiently tolerant principles to allow William Edmundson to establish a colony of that sect on his property. He opposed the Restoration; but his name was included in the General Pardon, and though subsequently arrested in 1662 on suspicion of being concerned in a plot to upset Government, he seems to have been speedily released. See also Firth's *Ludlow's Memoirs*, App. i, vol. ii, pp. 443-445.